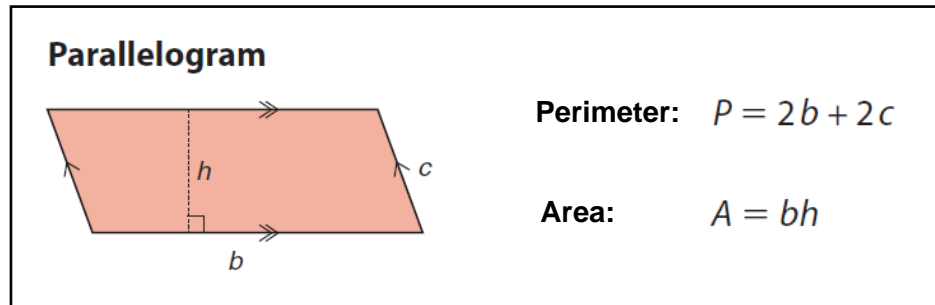
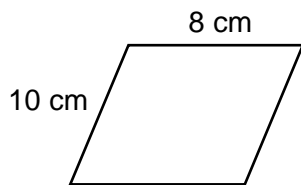


Worksheet 1-9: Perimeter and Area of a Parallelogram

1. Determine the perimeter of each given parallelogram.

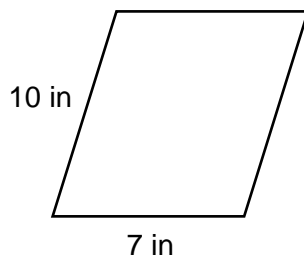
(a)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 2b + 2c \\ &= 2(8) + 2(10) \\ &= 16 + 20 \\ &= 36 \end{aligned}$$

The perimeter is 36 cm.

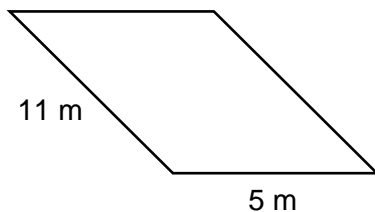
(b)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 2b + 2c \\ &= 2(7) + 2(10) \\ &= 14 + 20 \\ &= 34 \end{aligned}$$

The perimeter is 34 in.

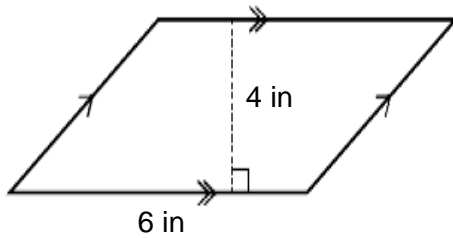
(c)



2. Determine the area of each given parallelogram.

Note: Height, h , is a vertical line perpendicular to the base of a parallelogram.

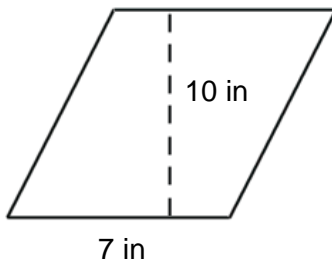
(a)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= bh \\ &= (6)(4) \text{ or } 6 \times 4 \\ &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

The area is 24 in^2 .

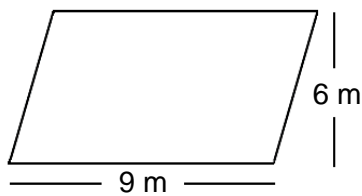
(b)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= bh \\ &= (7)(10) \\ &= 70 \end{aligned}$$

The area is 70 in^2 .

(c)



3. Determine the area and perimeter of the given parallelogram.

